# 1 Introduction

#### **PCB** Identification

All PCBs are identified by a unique 10 digit "internal part number" (IPN), e.g. 220-12345-00, which is screen printed onto the PCB (usually on the top side), as shown in the example below:



The last 2 digits of this number define the issue status, which starts at 00 and increments through 01, 02, 03, etc. as the PCB is updated. Some issue PCBs never reach full production status and are therefore not included in this manual. A letter following the 10 digit IPN has no relevance in identifying the PCB for service purposes.

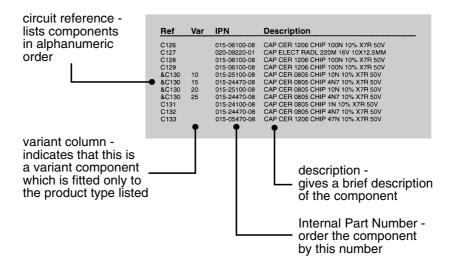
*Note:* It is important that you identify which issue PCB you are working on so that you can refer to the appropriate set of PCB information.

#### **Parts Lists**

The 10 digit numbers (000-00000-00) in this Parts List are "internal part numbers" (IPNs). We can process your spare parts orders more efficiently and accurately if you quote the IPN and provide a brief description of the part.

The components listed in this parts list are divided into two main types: those with a circuit reference (e.g. C2, D1, R121, etc.) and those without (miscellaneous and mechanical).

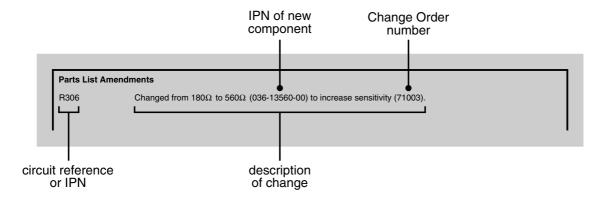
Those with a circuit reference are grouped in alphabetical order and then in numerical order within each group. Each component entry comprises three or four columns, as shown below:



The mechanical and miscellaneous section lists the variant and common parts in IPN order.

#### **Parts List Amendments**

At the front of the parts list is the Parts List Amendments box (an example of which is shown below). This box contains a list of component changes which took place after the parts list and diagrams in this section were compiled. These changes (e.g. value changes, added/deleted components, etc.) are listed by circuit reference in alphanumeric order and supersede the information given in the parts list or diagrams. Components without circuit references are listed in IPN order. The number in brackets at the end of each entry refers to the Tait internal Change Order document.



### **Variant Components**

A variant component is one that has the same circuit reference but different value or specification in different product types. Where two products share the same PCB, the term "variant" is also used to describe components unplaced in one product. Variant components have a character prefix, such as "&", "=" or "#", before the circuit reference (e.g. &R100).

The table below explains the variant prefixes used in T800 Series II products:

If the variant prefix is	the component will
&	change according to channel spacing
=	change according to frequency stability
#	change according to frequency band
%	change or placed/unplaced for special applications
*	be unplaced in one product (where two products share the same PCB)

## **Grid Reference Index**

This section contains a component grid reference index to help you find components and labelled pads on the PCB layouts and circuit diagrams. This index lists the components and pads in alphanumeric order, along with the appropriate alphanumeric grid references, as shown below:

